MacAdam

3-Step



S4SM-226Axx9736-0E000H3S (SunLike COB) – Chip on Board

RoHS

Natural light closest to the sunlight

SunLike COB Series

S4SM-226Axx9736-0E000H3S-00001



Product Brief

Description

- The SunLike COB series deliver natural sunlight spectrum.
- It is especially designed light source for human centric lighting.
- It's thermal management is excellent than other power LED solutions with wider Metal area.
- SunLike series are ideal light sources for commercial lightings including shop, museum, hospital and other premium light quality required applications.

Features and Benefits

- CRI Typ. 97 (on the BBL)
- Size 28mm * 28mm
- LES 22mm
- MacAdam 3-step binning
- Uniformed Shadow
- Excellent Thermal management
- RoHS compliant

Key Applications

- Out door area Bay lighting, Street lighting, Tunnel lighting
- Architectural Spot lighting
- Industrial



Table.1 Product Selection Table

Reference Code	Color	Nominal	Part Number	CRI
Reference Code	Color	ССТ		Тур.
	Neutral White	4000K	S4SM-226A409736-0E000H3S-00001	
SAW S226AA	Warm White	3500K S4SM-226A359736-0E000H3S-0000		97
		3000K	S4SM-226A309736-0E000H3S-00001	97
		2700K	S4SM-226A279736-0E000H3S-00001	



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Table.2 Electro Optical Characteristics, T_i=85°C

Part Number	ССТ (К) [1]	Typical Luminous Flux ^[2] Φ _V ^[3] (Im)	Typical Forward Voltage (V _F) ^[4]	CRI ^[5] , R _a	Viewing Angle (degrees) 20 ½
	Тур.	1.05A	1.05A	Тур.	Тур.
S4SM-226A409736 -0E000H3S-00001	4000	4068	35.4	97	115
S4SM-226A359736 -0E000H3S-00001	3500	4000	35.4	97	115
S4SM-226A309736 -0E000H3S-00001	3000	3795	35.4	97	115
S4SM-226A279736 -0E000H3S-00001	2700	3730	35.4	97	115

Notes :

- (1) Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram. Color coordinate : ± 0.005 , CCT $\pm 5\%$ tolerance.
- (2) Seoul Semiconductor maintains a tolerance of \pm 7% on flux and power measurements.
- (3) Φ_V is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- (4) Tolerance is $\pm 3\%$ on forward voltage measurements.
- (5) Tolerance is ± 2 on CRI measurements.

* For reference only.

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Table.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol		Unit		
Farameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Forward Current	I _F	-	1.05	2.1	А
Power Dissipation	P _d	-	37.2	79.4	W
Junction Temperature	Tj	-	-	125	٥C
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	- 40	-	85	°C
Surface Temperature	Τ _s	- 40	-	105	٥C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	- 40	-	105	٥C
Thermal resistance (J to S) [1]	$R\theta_{J-S}$	-	0.3	-	K/W
ESD Sensitivity(HBM)		Class	3A JESD22-A	114-E	

Notes :

(1) Thermal resistance : $R\theta_{J-S}$ At thermal resistance, J to S means junction to COB's substrate bottom.

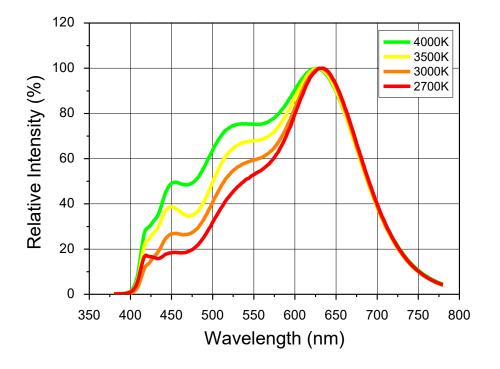
•LED's properties might be different from suggested values like above and below tables if operation condition will be exceeded our parameter range. Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the Pre-Product.

•Thermal resistance can be increased substantially depending on the heat sink design/operating condition, and the maximum possible driving current will decrease accordingly.

•All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Seoul Semiconductor..

SunLike – Performance Characteristics

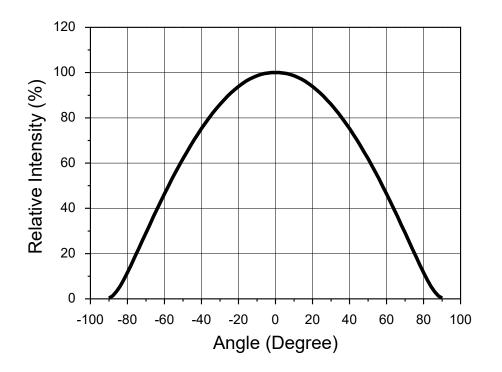
Fig 1. Color Spectrum



SunLike – Performance Characteristics

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Fig 2. Radiant Pattern



SunLike — Performance Characteristics

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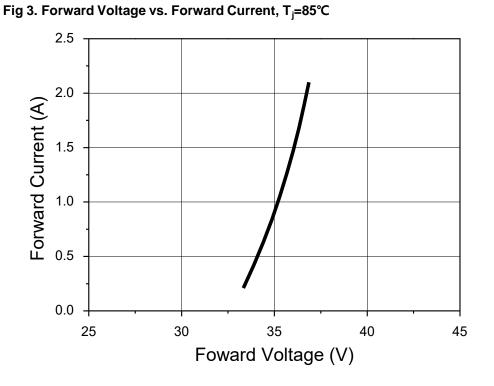
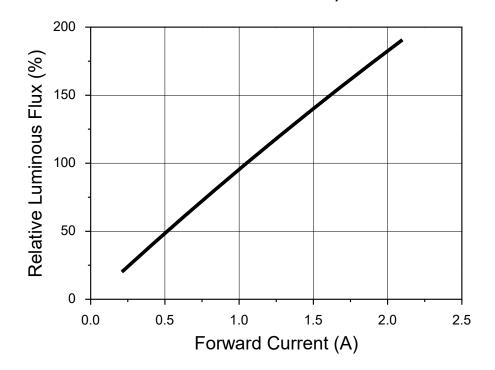


Fig 4. Forward Current vs. Relative Luminous Flux, T_i=85°C





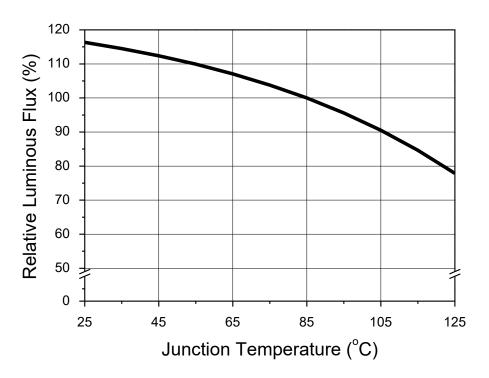
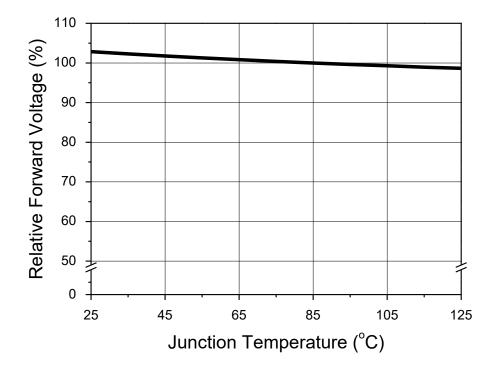




Fig 6. Junction Temperature vs. Forward Voltage, I_F =1.05A





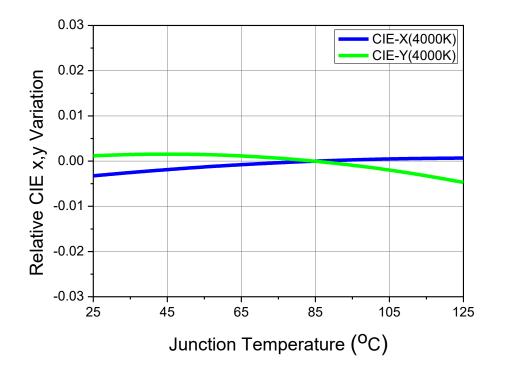
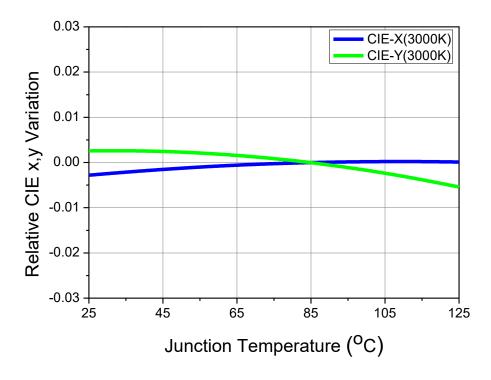


Fig 7. Junction Temperature vs. CIE x,y Shift, I_F=1.05A (4000K)

Fig 8. Junction Temperature vs. CIE x,y Shift, I_F=1.05A (3000K)



SunLike **Performance Characteristics**

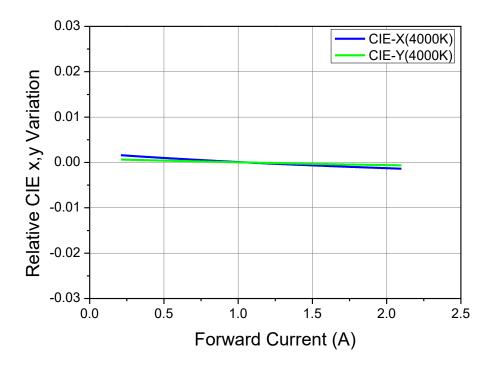
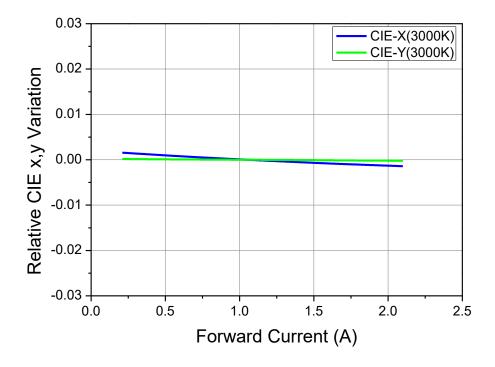


Fig 9. Forward Current vs. CIE x,y Shift, T_i=85°C (4000K)

Fig 10. Forward Current vs. CIE x,y Shift, T_i=85°C (3000K)



SunLike –



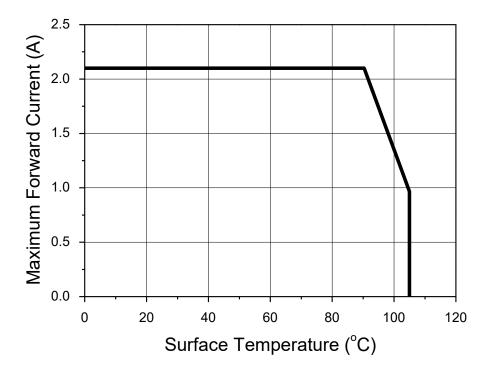




Table 4. Bin Code Description, $T_j=85^{\circ}C$, $I_F=1.05A$

Part Number	Luminous Flux (Im)			Color Chromaticity		Typical Forward Voltage (V)			CRI	
	Bin Code	Min.	Тур.	Bin Code	Тур. ССТ	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Bin Code	Тур.
S4SM- 226Axx9736- 0E000H3S- 00001	E0	3783	4068	EE3	4000K	Н	35.4	37.0	S	97
	E0	3720	4000	FE3	3500K	Н	35.4	37.0	S	97
	E0	3530	3795	GE3	3000K	н	35.4	37.0	S	97
	E0	3469	3730	HE3	2700K	н	35.4	37.0	S	97



CIE Chromaticity Diagram, Tj=85°C

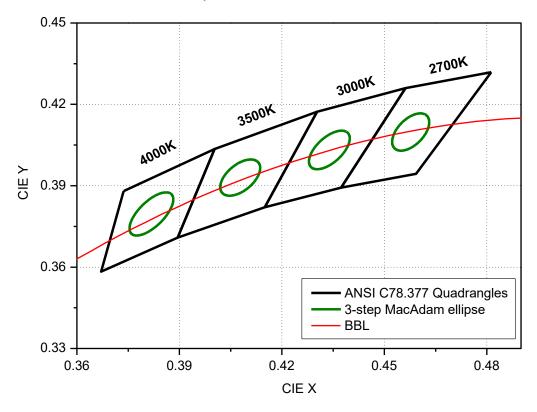
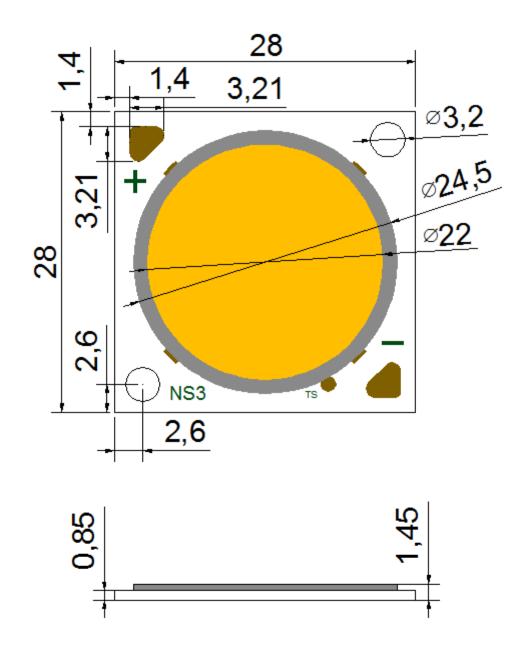


Table 5. 3-step MacAdam Ellipse Color Bin Definitions

Color Region	ССТ	Center Point		Major Axis	Minor Axis	Rotation Angle	
	(K)	CIE x	CIE y	(a)	(b)	(θ)	
3-step MacAdam Ellipse	4000	0.3818	0.3797	0.00939	0.00402	54.00	
	3500	0.4078	0.3930	0.00951	0.00417	52.97	
	3000	0.4339	0.4033	0.00834	0.00408	53.17	
	2700	0.4578	0.4101	0.00774	0.00411	57.28	

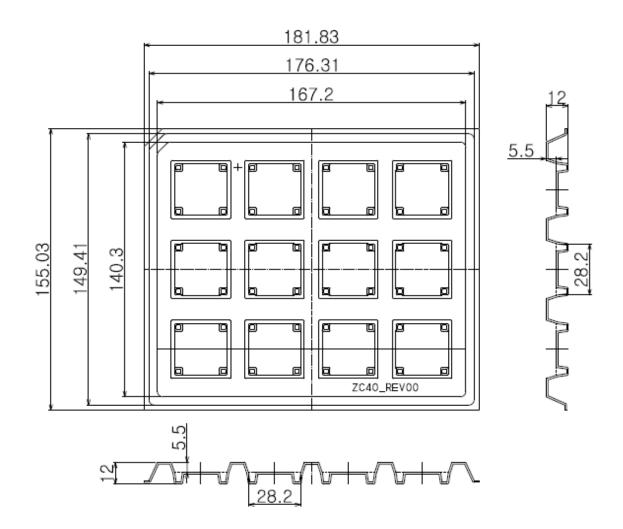
- (1) The chromaticity center refers to ANSI C78.377:2015.
- (2) (a), (b), and (θ) indicate the major axis length, the minor axis length, and the rotation angle from the X axis of the ellipse bin, respectively.





- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Not to scale
- 3. Undefined tolerance is ± 0.2 mm





- (1) Quantity : 12pcs/Tray
- (2) All dimensions are in millimeters (tolerance : ± 0.3)
- (3) Not to scale



Aluminum Bag ^ Label Humidity Indicator Desiccant Outer Box 1-1-1 " Label SEQUE SEMICONDUCTOR

- (1) Heat Sealed after packing (Use Zipper Bag)
- (2) Quantity: 1Tray(12pcs)/Bag
- (3) Smallest packing quantity : 3Bags(36pcs) / small box

SunLike Pre-Product Nomenclature

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Table 6. Part Numbering System

Part Number Code	Description	Part Number	Value
X ₁	Company	S	Seoul Semiconductor
X ₂	Level of Integration	4	СОВ
X ₃ X ₄	Technology	SM	SunLike
X ₅ X ₆ X ₇ X ₈	LES + Series and Parallel	226A	LES:22mm,S:6,P:10(A)
X ₉ X ₁₀	CCT	хх	Ex)3000->30
X ₁₁ X ₁₂	CRI	97	
X ₁₃ X ₁₄	V _F	36	
X ₁₅ X ₁₆ X ₁₇	Characteristic code Flux Rank	0E0	
X ₁₈ X ₁₉ X ₂₀	Characteristic code V _F Rank	00H	
X ₂₁ X ₂₂	Characteristic code Color Step	3S	3-step ellipse
X ₂₃ X ₂₄	Туре	00	
X ₂₅ X ₂₆ X ₂₇	Internal Code	001	

SunLike Handling of Silicone Resin for LED

 During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound.



(2) In general, LED should only be handled from the side. By the way, this also applies to LED without a silicone sealant, since the surface can also become scratched.





(3) Silicone differs from materials conventionally used for the manufacturing of LED.

These conditions must be considered during the handling of such devices. Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust. As mentioned previously, the increased sensitivity to dust requires special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of wire.

- (4) Seoul Semiconductor suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause damage to the LED.
- (5) Please do not mold this Pre-Product into another resin (epoxy, urethane, etc) and do not handle this

Pre-Product with acid or sulfur material in sealed space.

(6) Avoid leaving fingerprints on silicone resin parts.



(1) Storage

To avoid the moisture penetration, we recommend storing LEDs in a dry box with a desiccant . The recommended storage temperature range is 5° C to 30° C and a maximum humidity of RH50%.

(2) Use Precaution after Opening the Packaging

Use SMT techniques properly when you solder the LED as separation of the lens may affect the light output efficiency.

Pay attention to the following:

- a. Recommend conditions after opening the package
 - Sealing / Temperature : 5 ~ 40 $^\circ\!C$ Humidity : less than RH30 $\!\%$
- b. If the package has been opened more than 4 week(MSL_2a) or the color of the

desiccant changes, components should be dried for 10-12hr at $60\pm5^\circ$ C

(3) Radioactive exposure is not considered for the Pre-Products listed here in.

(4) Gallium arsenide is used in some of the Pre-Products listed in this publication. These Pre-Products are dangerous if they are burned or shredded in the process of disposal. It is also dangerous to drink the liquid or inhale the gas generated by such Pre-Products when chemically disposed of.

(5) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When washing is required, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) should be used.

(6) When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature.

(7) LEDs must be stored in a clean environment. We recommend LEDs store in nitrogen-filled container.

(8) The appearance and specifications of the Pre-Product may be modified for improvement without notice.

(9 Long time exposure of sunlight or occasional UV exposure will cause lens discoloration.

(10) Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesive that outgas organic vapor.

(11) The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF. If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage.

(12) Please do not touch any of the circuit board, components or terminals with bare hands or metal while circuit is electrically active.

SunLike Precaution for Use

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(13) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures ca n penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. T he result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the m aterials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues.

(14) LEDs are sensitive to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) and Electrical Over Stress (EOS). Below is a list of suggestions that Seoul Semiconductor purposes to minimize these effects.

a. ESD (Electro Static Discharge)

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is the defined as the release of static electricity when two objects come into contact. While most ESD events are considered harmless, it can be an expensive problem in many industrial environments during Pre-Production and storage. The damage from ESD to an LEDs may cause the Pre-Product to demonstrate unusual characteristics such as:

- Increase in reverse leakage current lowered turn-on voltage
- Abnormal emissions from the LED at low current

The following recommendations are suggested to help minimize the potential for an ESD event. One or more recommended work area suggestions:

- Ionizing fan setup
- ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- ESD safe storage containers

One or more personnel suggestion options:

- Antistatic wrist-strap
- Antistatic material shoes
- Antistatic clothes

Environmental controls:

- Humidity control (ESD gets worse in a dry environment)

SunLike Precaution for Use

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b. EOS (Electrical Over Stress)

Electrical Over-Stress (EOS) is defined as damage that may occur when an electronic device is subjected to a current or voltage that is beyond the maximum specification limits of the device. The effects from an EOS event can be noticed through Pre-Product performance like:

- Changes to the performance of the LED package

(If the damage is around the bond pad area and since the package is completely encapsulated the package may turn on but flicker show severe performance degradation.)

- Changes to the light output of the luminaire from component failure
- Components on the board not operating at determined drive power

Failure of performance from entire fixture due to changes in circuit voltage and current across total circuit causing trickle down failures. It is impossible to predict the failure mode of every LED exposed to electrical overstress as the failure modes have been investigated to vary, but there are some common signs that will indicate an EOS event has occurred:

- Damaged may be noticed to the bond wires (appearing similar to a blown fuse)
- Damage to the bond pads located on the emission surface of the LED package
- (shadowing can be noticed around the bond pads while viewing through a microscope)
- Anomalies noticed in the encapsulation and phosphor around the bond wires.
- This damage usually appears due to the thermal stress produced during the EOS event.

c. To help minimize the damage from an EOS event Seoul Semiconductor recommends utilizing:

- A surge protection circuit
- An appropriately rated over voltage protection device
- A current limiting device



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Company Information

Seoul Semiconductor (www.SeoulSemicon.com) manufacturers and packages a wide selection of light emitting diodes (LED) for the automotive, general illumination/lighting, Home appliance, signage and back lighting markets. The company is the world's fifth largest LED supplier, holding more than 10,000 patents globally, while offering a wide range of LED technology and Pre-Production capacity in areas such as "nPola", "Acrich", the world's first commercially produced AC LED, and "Acrich MJT - Multi-Junction Technology" a proprietary family of high-voltage LED.

The company's broad Pre-Product portfolio includes a wide array of package and device choices such as Acrich and Acirch2, high-brightness LED, mid-power LED, side-view LED, and through-hole type LED as well as custom modules, displays, and sensors.

Legal Disclaimer

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